

# **Safety Data Sheet**

# Better Chemistry. Better Business

# LUSTERCLEAN® 35 Revised: 2/16/21

#### L IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: LUSTERCLEAN® 35

Product Code: 2052053

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: Alkaline Liquid Cleaner

**Hubbard-Hall Inc.** 

563 South Leonard Street Waterbury, CT 06708 **Telephone**: 203-756-5521 **Fax number:** 203-756-9017

Emergency Phone Number **CHEMTREC:** 1 (800) 424-9300 **International:** 1 (703) 527-3887

#### 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION







Signal Word: WARNING

**Hazard Category:** Skin Corrosion/Irritation Hazard Category 2

Eye Damage/Irritation Hazard Category 2B

Acute Aquatic Toxicity-Category 3 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity- Category 3 Carcinogenicity Hazard Category 2

Hazard Statements: Causes skin irritation.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes eye irritation.

Prevention: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Avoid releases to the environment

Wear protective gloves, chemical protective clothing, eye protective goggles and face

shield for face protection.

Obtain special instruction before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Response: If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If in eyes: Wash cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention

.

Immediately call poison center or doctor and explain the type of exposure to the chemical(s) and provide the name of the chemical(s).

Specific treatment - refer to poison center or doctor for advice.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, or

international regulations.

Components with Unknown Oral = 13% Dermal = 13%

**Acute Toxicity** 

#### **COMPOSITION INFORMATION**

Chemical Name	Common Name And Synonyms	CAS No. and other Unique identifiers	Concentration %
Isopropanol	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Approx 2%
Triethanolamine	Trolamine	102-71-6	Aprox 8%
Diethanolamine	-	111-42-2	<2%

#### FIRST AID

#### After Inhalation:

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention.

#### **After Skin Contact:**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water for at least 15-20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately! Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean all contaminated shoes.

#### After Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

# After Ingestion:

DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately give large quantities of water or milk, if available. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or the nearest Poison Control Center.

## Most Important Symptoms/Effects

## Inhalation:

Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

#### Eve:

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur. Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

#### Skin:

Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

#### Ingestion:

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury, however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat.

# 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and Unsuitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire: Use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemicals, carbon dioxide, or other type of vapor producing extinguisher.

Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from

Nitrogen oxides may be produced.

the chemical:

Carbon oxides may be produced.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighter Fire fighters should enter area only if they are protected from all contact with the materail. Full protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus, coat, pants, gloves, boots and bands around legs, arms, and waist, should be worn. No skin surfaces should be exposed.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, & Emergency Proc Wear appropriate chemical protection equipment such as gloves, face-shield, goggles and suitable body protection to prevent contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

Methods and Materials for containment & cleaning up:

If trained in accordance 29 CFR 1910.120, leaks should be stopped. Spills should be contained and cleaned immediately. Persons performing clean up work should wear adequate personal protective equipment and clothing. Spills and releases should be reported, if required, to the appropriate local, state and federal regulatory agencies.

# HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors and sprays.

Use in well ventilated area.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear rubber gloves, goggles and chemical protective clothing.

Do not get in eyes, or on skin, or on clothing.

Eating, drinking and smoking in the work area is prohibited.

Keep container tightly closed.

Conditions for safe storage, inc any incompatibilities:

Store locked up.

#### 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	Std.	TWA-8hrs	STEL - 15 min.
Isopropanol	ACGIH	400 ppm	500 ppm
Triethanolamine	ACGIH	5 mg/m3	15 mg/m3
Diethanolamine	ACGIH	2 mg/m3 (skin)	-

ACGIH - American Control of Governmental Hygenists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Ventilation: Use local exhaust to keep personal exposures below the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit(s)

(PEL) or the ACGIH threshold Limit Values (TLV)Time Weight Average (TWA).

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI 788.2 or

applicable federal requirements must be followed whenever work place conditions warrant respirator use. NIOSH's Respirator Decision Logic" may be useful in determining the suitability

of various types of respirators.

Other: Insure that eye wash and safety shower are proximal to the work station.

**Protective Gloves:** Butyl or neoprene gloves

**Eye Protection:** Wear chemical safety goggles.

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Yellow Liquid

Odor: Soap like odor

Odor Threshold: N/A

PH: 8.6-8.8

Melting Point/Freezing Point: N/A

Initial Boiling Point and Boiling N/A

Initial Boiling Point and Boiling

Range:

N/A

Flash Point: N/A
Evaporation Rate: N/A

Flammability (solid, gas): Non flammable

Upper/Lower flammability or

explosive limits:

N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A
Vapor Density: N/A
Relative Density: 1.026

Solubility (ies): Complete in water

Partition Coefficient; N/A

n-octanol/water:

Auto-ignition Temperature: N/A

Decomposition Temperature: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

# 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions

**Possibility of Hazardous** 

**Incompatible Materials:** 

Reactions:

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizers and strong acids.

Avoid contact with aluminum, tin, zinc. halogenated solvents, and strong oxidizers and acids.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

Products:

not known

# 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Oral Administration:Isopropanol-LD50-(Rat)-4700-5800 mg/kgOral Administration:Triethanolamine-LD50(Rabbit)-5000 mg/kgOral Administration:Diethanolamine-LD50(Rat)-710 mg/kgDermal administration:Isopropanol-LD50(Rabbit)-13,000 mg/kgDermal administration:Triethanolamine-LD50(Rabbit)->2000 mg/kgDermal administration:Diethanolamine-LD50-(Rabbit)-12,200 mg/kg

Delayed effects: NA

Cancer Hazard: Triethanolamine-IARC Group 3-Not Classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans

Cancer Hazard: Diethanolamine-IARC-Group 2B -Possibly carcinogenic to humans

## 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Daphnia Magna, Diethanolamine-EC50-55 mg/L 48 h

Persistence and Not Available

Degradability:

Bioaccumulation potential: No data available
Soil/Sediment Result: No data available

# 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

## 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**UN Number:** 

UN Proper Shipping Name: NOT D.O.T. REGULATED

Transport Hazard Class (es):

Packing Group:

ERG:

#### 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

HMIS: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

Sara Hazard

Diethanolamine-SARA 313 listed

Classification Proposition 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical or chemicals known to the state of California to cause

cancer-Diethanolamine

## **16 OTHER INFORMATION**

**REACH status** No **RoHS** or **REACH SVHC** are contained in this product.

Disclaimer: The information is based on our knowledge to date but does not constitute an assurance of product

properties and does not imply a legal contractual relationship.